

rectilinear indicator and the other indicator has a spiral shape with a U-turn.--

--18. (amended) The watch according to claim 1, characterized in that the minute indicator is located below that for the hours.--

R E M A R K S

The above changes in the specification and claims merely place this national phase application in substantially the same condition as it was during Chapter II of the international phase, with the multiple dependencies being removed.

Attached hereto is a marked-up version of the changes made to the claims by the current amendment. The attached page is captioned "VERSION WITH MARKINGS TO SHOW CHANGES MADE".

Respectfully submitted,

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VERSION WITH MARKINGS TO SHOW CHANGES MADE

IN THE SPECIFICATION:

Replace the paragraph that bridges pages 2 and 3 with the following paragraph:

For this purpose, the invention relates in its most general acceptance, to a watch including a motor driving a first rotary hour indicator into rotation at a velocity of $1/N$ revolutions per hour, and a second rotary minute indicator driven by a concentric axis, characterized in that the minute indicator is driven at a velocity of $N+1/N(N+1)/N$ revolutions per hour and in that the indicators each have a shape producing a global surface with a variable shape, by covering or juxtaposing the shapes of both needles.

Page 6, replace the paragraph that begins at line 22 with following paragraph:

Figs. 3 and 4 show an alternative of the first exemplary embodiment of the invention. The needles (30₁ and 30₂) have the shape of isosceles right-angled triangles. As the angle between these two indicators is the same according to the elapsed time with respect to the full hour, these elements always form a square at a full hour (Fig. 3) and a right-angled triangle at a quarter of an hour (Fig. 4). In this example, each of these conformations is repeatedly encountered with a period of exactly one hour.

IN THE CLAIMS:

1. A watch including a motor driving a first hour rotary indicator into rotation according to a period of $1/N$ revolutions per day, and a second minute rotary indicator driven by a concentric axis, wherein the minute indicator (13,

23) is driven at a velocity of $\frac{N+1}{N(N+1)/N}$ revolutions per hour, N is an integer, characterized in that the indicators each have a shape producing a cover or juxtaposition surface with a variable pattern.

4. The watch according to ~~any of the preceding~~ claims 1, characterized in that a first rotary indicator drives a mark for reading indications of the second rotary indicator.

11. The watch according to claim 9, characterized in that the minute indicator disc revolves in the opposite direction to that of the ~~minute~~hour indicator disc.

12. The watch according to ~~any one of the preceding~~ claims 1, characterized in that the second indicator revolves at the velocity of $1+(N+1)/(60 \cdot N)$ revolutions per minute.

13. The watch according to ~~any of the preceding~~ claims 1, characterized in that the minute and hour indicators are indicators having the same color in order to form a additive variable covering or juxtaposition surface.

14. The watch according to ~~any of claims 1 to 12~~, characterized in that the indicator which is in the foreground, has the same color as the background of the dial in order to form a subtractive variable covering or juxtaposition surface.

15. The watch according to ~~any of claims 1 to 12~~, characterized in that the minute indicator, the hour indicator and the background have three differentiated colors in order to form a combinatory covering or juxtaposition surface.

16. The watch according to ~~any of the preceding~~ claims 1, characterized in that it has an annular peripheral

